

2007

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Course—1

Time—Two hours

Full Marks—50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer question no. 5 and any two from the rest.

1. What, according to Aristotle, are the different causes of Political Disorder? How can disorders be prevented from occurring? 10+10

2. Briefly comment on Machiavelli's *Prince*. How is the 'Discourse' different from the *Prince* in its matter? 10+5

3. Discuss Hobbes' description of 'State of Nature'. How is Locke's idea on 'State of Nature' different from that of Hobbes? How does, according to Hobbes, the state come into existence? 8+6+6

4. Discuss following Hegel, the salient characteristics of the State. 16

5. Write short notes on any two of the following : 5+5

- (a) Plato's Communism.
- (b) J.S. Mill on Liberty.
- (c) Marx on Capitalism.
- (d) Rousseau's 'General Will'

2007

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Course—2

Time—Two hours

Full Marks—50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer question no. 5 and any two from the rest.

1. What, according to Kautilya's *Arthashastra*, are the position, duties and policies of an ideal king? Would you agree with the view that *Arthashastra* is only a manual for administrators without any political theory? Give reasons. 14+6

2. Examine the political ideas of Rammohun Roy and identify traces of liberal thinking in his ideas. Can Rammohun Roy be regarded as a nationalist thinker? Give reasons for your answer. 10+5+5

3. Identify the basic elements of Jayaprakash Narayan's concept of 'Total Revolution'. In this context, attempt a comparative evaluation of 'Total Revolution' and marxist idea of revolution. 12+8

4. Analyse B.R. Ambedkar's views on origin and nature of caste-system in India and examine his role as the representative of oppressed castes. 20

2007

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Course—3

Time—Two hours

Full Marks—50

Answer question no. 5 and *any two* from the rest.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Examine in brief the role of the Moderates and the Extremists on the freedom movement in India. 20

2. Examine the nature of the centre-state financial relation in India after the economic reforms in 1991. 20

3. What is public interest litigation? How has the instrument helped in ensuring social justice in India? 8+12

4. Describe the structure of the rural local self government in India. Do you think the system has been successful? If yes, how? 12+8

5. Write short notes on *any two* of the following : 5×2=10

(a) Dyarchy, under the Government of India Act, 1919.

(b) Centre-state administrative relations.

(c) Judicial Review.

(d) Role of the chief minister.

2007

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Course—4

Time—Two hours

Full Marks—50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer question no. 5 and *any two* from the rest.

1. What do you mean by 'political development'. ?
Write a note on political development in India since independence. 6+14

2. How does religion affect politics? Do you think that religion is a dominating factor in Indian politics? 6+14

3. Write a note on the organisational structure and functioning of the Congress party in the Indian political system. 20

4. Define political leadership. Assess the importance of Subhash Chandra Bose as a leader in India. 6+14

5. Write notes on *any two* of the following: 5×2

(a) Corrupt practices according to the Election Commission of India.

(b) Influence of caste on politics in India.

(c) Impact of pressure groups on administrative decision making in India.

(d) Role of BJP in Indian politics.

2007

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Fifth Paper

Time—Two hours

Full Marks—50

Answer Q. 5 and *any two* from the rest.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. What were the major reasons behind the emergence of New Public Management? Discuss, in brief, the major features of New Public Management. 10+10
2. Examine Frederick Taylor's Scientific Management Theory. What are its limitations? 12+8
3. Discuss the defining characteristics of the 'Ideal-type' bureaucracy as given by Max Weber. Summarise the principal criticisms against this theory. 12+8
4. Define 'Centralisation' and 'Decentralisation'. What are their relative merits and demerits? 8+12
5. Write short notes on *any two* of the following : 5×2=10
 - (a) Politics—Administration Dichotomy.
 - (b) Coordination.
 - (c) Rational Model of Public Policy.
 - (d) Role of civil society in administration.

2007

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Course—6

Time—Two hours

Full Marks—50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer Q. 5 and any two from the rest.

1. What do you mean by the term 'Development Administration'? Draw a sketch of the evolution of Development Administration. 6+14

2. Write a note on the organisation and functions of the PMO. 20

3. Write a note on the role of Non-Governmental Agencies in socio-economic development. 20

4. Make an assessment of the role of the Planning Commission in India. 20

5. Write short notes on any two of the following: 5×2

(a) Social Welfare and Social Justice.

(b) Role of District Collector.

(c) Traditional Administration.

(d) UPSC.

2007

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Seventh Paper

Time—Two hours

Full Marks—50

Answer question no. 5, and *any two* from the rest.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What are the similarities between traditional realism and neo-realism? Explain the basic tenets of neo-realism.

12+8

2. Distinguish between moral cosmopolitanism and political cosmopolitanism. What are the main points of difference between cosmopolitans and communitarians?

8+12

3. Write a note on the Dependencia approaches in IR, along with its critiques.

12+8

4. Explain what do you mean by political terrorism. What are the roots of international terrorism?

8+12

5. Write short notes on *any two* : 5×2

(a) Environmentalism.

(b) Rational Actor Model.

(c) Post-modernism in IR.

(d) Micro theories of conflict.

2007

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Course—8

Time—Two hours

Full Marks—50

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*Answer question no. 5, and *any two* from the rest.

1. Briefly discuss the major features of post-cold war international politics. Examine its impact on the developing countries. 12+8

2. What is 'globalization'? Examine the role of World Trade Organization (WTO) in pushing globalization throughout the world. 6+14

3. Write an essay on politics of environment. 20

4. Give an account of changing Indo-China relations. 20

5. Write short notes on *any two*: 5×2=10

(a) New International Economic Order.

(b) Relative autonomy of state.

(c) Radical feminism.

(d) Kashmir and the United Nations.

2007

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Course—9

Time—Two hours

Full Marks—50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer *any two* from question nos. 1 to 4 and also answer question no. 5.

1. Give an account of different interpretations of Political Theory with special reference to the "Classical Tradition" of Political Theory. Point out the limits of the "Classical Tradition". 10+10

2. Discuss major concepts of General Systems Theory. How did David Easton make use of some of these concepts in regard to politics? 10+10

3. Discuss some of the key debates among the Marxists on the nature of the State. 20

4. Do you think that the Pluralism and the Elitism constitute two entirely different approaches to political analysis? Give reasons for your answer. 20

5. Write short notes on *any two* of the following : 5×2=10

(a) Factors behind the alleged 'decline' of Political Theory.

(b) Linguistic Analysis and Political Theory.

(c) Concepts of Political Power.

(d) Types of Political Culture.